

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PALERMO

DEPARTMENT	Scienze Umanistiche	
	2020/2021	
		ERATURES - INTERCULTURAL STUDIES
BACHELOR'S DEGREE (BSC)		ERATURES - INTERCOLTORAL STUDIES
SUBJECT	ITALIAN LINGUISTICS	
	A	
AMBIT		ura italiana e letterature comparate
CODE	04777	
SCIENTIFIC SECTOR(S)	L-FIL-LET/12	
HEAD PROFESSOR(S)	PATERNOSTRO GIUSEPPE	Professore Associato Univ. di PALERMO
	SOTTILE ROBERTO	Professore Associato Univ. di PALERMO
OTHER PROFESSOR(S)		
CREDITS	9	
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	180	
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	45	
PROPAEDEUTICAL SUBJECTS		
MUTUALIZATION		
YEAR	1	
TERM (SEMESTER)	1° semester	
ATTENDANCE	Not mandatory	
EVALUATION	Out of 30	
TEACHER OFFICE HOURS	PATERNOSTRO GIUSEPPE	
	Wednesday 9:00 11:30	Complesso di S. Antonino, primo piano, stanza del docente
	SOTTILE ROBERTO	
	Tuesday 9:00 13:00	Finche perdurera l'emergenza , il ricevimento continuera a svolgersi nella Stanza Teams "Prof Roberto Sottile - Gestione ricevimento". Gli studenti potranno prenotarsi tramite l'apposita funzione o scrivere una mail. Sara concordato un orario in base alle rispettive esigenze e verra consentito l'accesso alla Stanza mediante invio del link di collegamento

DOCENTE: Prof. GIUSEPPE PATERNOSTRO- *Lettere M-Z*

DOCENTE: Prof. GIUSEPPE PATERN PREREQUISITES	Knowledge and awareness of the meta-language needed to describe the Italian
	linguistic system
LEARNING OUTCOMES	 Knowledge and ability of understanding: Acquisition of advanced tools for comprehension of structures, variation and uses of the current Italian language especially with regard to dialectal varieties used by young people in new media. Ability to apply knowledge and comprehension: Ability to use the specific terminology of Italian linguistics, sociolinguistics and dialectology. Ability in autonomy of judgment: Ability to understand sociolinguistic implications of each variety of current Italian language and to recognize their linguistic features. Communicative abilities: Ability to expose sociolinguistic problems. Ability to understand the importance of sociolinguistic features of speakers using different varieties of Italian linguistic repertoires. Ability of learning: Ability of updating knowledge by reading articles from academic journals and books having Italian linguistics, dialectology and sociolinguistics, dialectology and sociolinguistics.
ASSESSMENT METHODS	 Oral exam (compulsory), multiple choice test (non compulsory). During the (compulsory) oral exam the student must answer at least 2 or 3 questions about the whole programme and the themes dealt with in the works included in the reading list. The final exam aims at assessing if the student knows and masters the topics of the questions he or she has been asked and if he/she has reached the expected targets. The exam is passed if the student shows that he/she knows and understands the topics dealt with in the course at least in their general aspects. Marks: 30/30 e lode s/he expresses berself/himself with extremely clear and effective language, excellent knowledge of the course subjects, good analytical and problem solving skills; 26-29 s/he expresses herself/himself with clear and effective language, good knowledge of the course subjects, fine analytical and problem solving skills; 24-25 s/he expresses herself/himself properly, has basic knowledge of the course subjects and acceptable problem solving skills; 21-23 imperfect knowledge of the course subjects, low analytical and problem solving skills; 18-20minimal knowledge of the course subjects; INSUFFICIENTE the student has unsatisfactory knowledge of the course. Oral exam (compulsory), multiple choice test (non compulsory). During the (compulsory) oral exam the student must answer at least 2 or 3 questions about the whole programme and the themes dealt with in the works included in the reading list. The final exam aims at assessing if the student knows and masters the topics of the questions he or she has been asked and if he/she has reached the expected targets. The exam is passed if the student has unsatisfactory knowledge of the course. Oral exam (compulsory), multiple choice test (non compulsory). During the (compulsory) oral exam the student must answer at least 2 or 3 questions about the whole programme and the themes dealt with in
	first part of the program.
EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES	In the last few decades, different social factors have had a strong impact in the use and acquisition of the Italian language. The current "mass" use and knowledge of the Italian language has had important effects on its use and functions. From a language exclusively employed for writing, Italian has become a spoken language used by all Italian people in all communicative contexts. As a consequence of this strong impact on oral uses, many varieties of Italian have risen giving birth to a complex repertoire whose structural features depend on diatopical variability (connected to geographical space), diastratic variability (connected to social classes), diafasic variability (connected to communication media: oral language, written language, broadcasting language). On the other hand, nowadays young people tend to use and rediscover dialects: this has had a strong impact on the use of dialects within New Media communicative

	contexts (Computer Mediated Communication, Apple Devices, Web chat, Instant Messages, pop and rap Songs). The course entitled "L'ITALIANO CONTEMPORANEO. STRUTTURE, VARIAZIONE E USI" (Current Italian language. Features, Variation and Uses) aims at giving a general overview on contemporary Italian language, on its current linguistic features as well as on its variability in relation to contemporary Italian society linguistic uses and practices. The course will focus on diatopic varieties (Dialetc(s), regional Italian), diaphasic varieties (Popular Italian, young people jargons) and diamesic varieties (new uses of Italian language and Dialects within "New Media – form CMC to dialectal pop and rap songs as well as Dialect in web .
TEACHING METHODS	Lectures
SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY	Paolo D'Achille, L'ITALIANO CONTEMPORANEO, Il Mulino 2019 (nuova edizione) Giovanni Ruffino, INTRODUZIONE ALLO STUDIO DELLA SICILIA LINGUISTICA, Centro di studi filologici e linguistici siciliani, 2018 Giovanni Ruffino, VARIAZIONE DIATOPICA IN SICILIA. CARTOGRAFIA ELEMENTARE, Centro di studi linguistici siciliani, 2019 Altri materiali saranno messi a disposizione degli studenti nel corso delle lezioni Durante le lezioni, inoltre, si farà riferimento al seguente testo : Roberto Sottile, DIALETTO E CANZONE. UNO SGUARDO SULLA SICILIA DI OGGI, Cesati; Firenze 2018

SYLLABUS

Hrs	Frontal teaching
1	Aims of the course
4	Italian language today and current Italian varieties
3	Italian Onomastics
4	Italian vocabulary and its layers; Studying Italian vocabulary: tools and methods
4	Phonetics and phonology of Italian language
3	Inflectional morphology of Italian language
3	Derivative morphology of Italian language
3	Syntax of Italian language (spoken and written)
4	Varieties of spoken, written and transmitted Italian
2	Italian language acquisition: qualitative and quantitative aspects
3	Dialect among varieties of the Italian repetoire
3	New uses and new values of dialects in contemporary Italy
3	Sicilian dialects
3	Dialect within Pop and Rap songs
Hrs	Practice
2	IPA System

PREREQUISITES	Knowledge and awareness of the meta-language needed to describe the Italian
	linguistic system
LEARNING OUTCOMES	Knowledge and understanding. Acquisition of advanced tools for comprehension of structures, variation and uses of the current Italian language especially with regard to dialectal varieties used by young people in new media. Applying knowledge and understanding. Ability to use the specific terminology of Italian linguistics, sociolinguistics and dialectology. Making judgments. Ability to understand sociolinguistic implications of each variety of current Italian language and to recognize their linguistic features. Communication. Ability to expose sociolinguistic problems. Ability to understand the importance of sociolinguistic features of speakers using different varieties of Italian linguistic repertoires. Lifelong learning skills. Ability of updating knowledge by reading articles from academic journals and books having Italian linguistics, dialectology and sociolinguistics, dialectology and sociolinguistics.
ASSESSMENT METHODS	Oral exam (compulsory), multiple choice test (non compulsory). During the (compulsory) oral exam the student must answer at least 2 or 3 questions about the whole programme and the themes dealt with in the works included in the reading list. The final exam aims at assessing if the student knows and masters the topics of the questions he or she has been asked and if he/she has reached the expected targets. The exam is passed if the student shows that he/she knows and understands the topics dealt with in the course at least in their
	general aspects. Marks: 30/30 e lode s/he expresses herself/himself with extremely clear and effective language, excellent knowledge of the course subjects, good analytical and problem solving skills; 26-29 s/he expresses herself/himself with clear and effective language, good knowledge of the course subjects, fine analytical and problem solving skills; 24-25 s/he expresses herself/ himself properly, has basic knowledge of the course subjects and acceptable problem solving skills; 21-23 imperfect knowledge of the course subjects, low analytical and problem solving skills; 18-20 minimal knowledge of the course subjects; INSUFFICIENTE the student has unsatisfactory knowledge of the course subjects. The multiple choice test will take place at the beginning of each exam session. It consists of about 60 questions on the main topics of the course. The test will allow the lecturer to find out about the weak points and critical aspects of the student's knowledge, further questions on those topics might be asked during the oral exam. The multiple choice test is not compulsory and it is not preliminary for the oral exam
EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES	In the last few decades, different social factors have had a strong impact in the use and acquisition of the Italian language. The current "mass" use and knowledge of the Italian language has had important effects on its use and functions. From a language exclusively employed for writing, Italian has become a spoken language used by all Italian people in all communicative contexts. As a consequence of this strong impact on oral uses, many varieties of Italian have risen giving birth to a complex repertoire whose structural features depend on diatopical variability (connected to geographical space), diastratic variability (connected to social classes), diafasic variability (connected to communicative situations and contexts), diamesic variability (connected to communication media: oral language, written language, broadcasting language). On the other hand, nowadays young people tend to use and rediscover dialects: this has had a strong impact on the use of dialects within New Media communicative contexts (Computer Mediated Communication, Apple Devices, Web chat, Instant Messages, pop and rap Songs). The course entitled "L'ITALIANO CONTEMPORANEO. STRUTTURE, VARIAZIONE E USI" (Current Italian language, on its current linguistic features as well as on its variability in relation to contemporary Italian society linguistic uses and practices. The course will focus on diatopic varieties (Dialetc(s), regional Italian), diaphasic varieties (Popular Italian, young people jargons) and diamesic varieties (new uses of Italian language and Dialects within "New Media" especially in dialectal pop and rap songs in contemporary Sicily).
TEACHING METHODS	Lectures
SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY	Paolo D'Achille, L'ITALIANO CONTEMPORANEO', Il Mulino, NUOVA EDIZIONE 2019 Giovanni Ruffino, INTRODUZIONE ALLO STUDIO DELLA SICILIA LINGUISTICA, Centro di studi filologici e linguistici siciliani, 2018 Giovanni Ruffino, VARIAZIONE DIATOPICA IN SICILIA. CARTOGRAFIA ELEMENTARE, Centro di studi filologici e linguistici siciliani, 2019 Roberto Sottile, DIALETTO E CANZONE. UNO SGUARDO SULLA SICILIA DI OGGI, Cesati, Firenze 2018 Altri materiali saranno messi a disposizione degli studenti nel corso delle lezioni.

SYLLABUS

Hrs	Frontal teaching
1	Aims of the course
4	Italian language today and current Italian varieties
3	Italian Onomastics
4	Italian vocabulary and its layers; Studying Italian vocabulary: tools and methods
6	Phonetics and phonology of Italian language – IPA System
3	Inflectional morphology of Italian language
3	Derivative morphology of Italian language
3	Syntax of Italian language (written and spoken Italian)
4	Varieties of spoken, written and transmitted Italian
2	Italian language acquisition: qualitative and quantitative aspects
3	Dialect among varieties of repertoire
3	New uses and new values of dialects in contemporary Italy
3	Dialect within Pop and Rap songs
3	Topoi and text pattern in dialectal songwriting