

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PALERMO

DEPARTMENT	Scienze Economiche, Aziendali e Statistiche
ACADEMIC YEAR	2019/2020
BACHELOR'S DEGREE (BSC)	STATISTICS FOR DATA ANALYSIS
SUBJECT	GENERAL SOCIOLOGY
TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITY	С
AMBIT	10721-Attività formative affini o integrative
CODE	06578
SCIENTIFIC SECTOR(S)	SPS/07
HEAD PROFESSOR(S)	LO VERDE FABIO Professore Ordinario Univ. di PALERMO MASSIMO
OTHER PROFESSOR(S)	
CREDITS	6
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	102
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	48
PROPAEDEUTICAL SUBJECTS	
MUTUALIZATION	GENERAL SOCIOLOGY - Corso: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION AND MIGRATIONS
	GENERAL SOCIOLOGY - Corso: SVILUPPO ECONOMICO, COOPERAZIONE INTERNAZIONALE E MIGRAZIONI
YEAR	2
TERM (SEMESTER)	2° semester
ATTENDANCE	Not mandatory
EVALUATION	Out of 30
TEACHER OFFICE HOURS	LO VERDE FABIO MASSIMO
	Wednesday 12:00 13:30 Dipartimento SEAS, edificio 13, primo piano, stanza 115

DOCENTE: Prof. FABIO MASSIMO LO VERDE

PREREQUISITES	elements of History
LEARNING OUTCOMES	 knowledge and understanding Acquisition of knowledge and theoretical and sociological skills , inherent social phenomena , social institutions , social relations , social practices and the dynamics of social change in their multiple connotations and according to various paradigmatic approaches , as well as ' according to different approaches they have characterized the history of sociological thought . Acquisition of skills necessary for the understanding and explanation of social phenomena according to an optical micro - meso and macro-social Acquisition of basic methodological knowledge and skills necessary for the study of social phenomena , as well as ' the techniques and tools necessary to the study of social phenomena , as well as ' the techniques and tools necessary to the study of social phenomena , as well as ' the techniques and tools necessary to the study of social phenomena and analysis of social research data. Applying knowledge and understanding Acquisition of ability to build exclusively sociological explanations of social phenomena through the use of the acquired knowledge on both the different paradigmatic approaches both the methods and techniques of social research necessary or the study of various social phenomena. To gain the ability to build exclusively social phenomena. To gain the ability to design empirical researches in social sciences and to take all the critical decisions required: choosing the unit of analysis, construct the sample and detection tools, analyse data with respect to a specific cognitive objective . making judgements Ability to interpret and comment the results produced by the analysis of data. Communication skills Presentation Skills interpretative hypothesis , the selection of variables that form the basis of interpretative hypothesis , the selection of variables that form the basis of interpretative neport Learn
ASSESSMENT METHODS	 3. Ability to read critically a social research reports and methodological choices Written test intermediate written test; Students who pass the intermediate written exam will take the oral exam on the remaining part of the program. The final grade will be determined by the average of the result of the two exams. Students who do not take the intermediate exam or who refuse the grade obtained will have to take the oral exam on the whole program EVALUATION METHODS
	 The result of the test will be considered: EXCELLENT (30-30 cum laude) if the student will show excellent knowledge of the topics, excellent property of language, good analytical capacity, and the ability to apply the knowledge to solve the problems submitted; VERY GOOD (26-29) if the student shows good mastery of the subject, full property of language and the ability to apply the knowledge to solve the problems submitted; GOOD (24-25) if the student will show to have basic knowledge of the main topics, fairly good property of language, limited ability to independently apply the knowledge for the solution of the problems submitted;
	MORE THAN SUFFICIENT (20-23) if the student will show not to have full mastery of the main arguments but a good understanding of the same, satisfactory property of language, lack of ability to independently apply the knowledge acquired; SUFFICIENT (18-19) where the student will show minimum basic knowledge of the main teaching and technical language issues, minimum ability to apply the knowledge acquired;

	INSUFFICIENT if the student does not have an acceptable knowledge of the contents of the topics covered in the teaching.
EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES	The course aims to provide the basic knowledge related to the objects of study and research of Sociology. Some of the topics of the course will focus on the origins of sociology as a science, the sociological paradigms, the relationship between social theory and social empirical research, as well as the many other topics constituted by the different social phenomena (modern society, social cohesion and social conflict, cultural and social norms, differentiation and inequality, the reproduction of society, the relationship between economy, politics and society, population and territorial organization, globalization). The second part of the course will analyze the different paradigmatic approaches that orient social research (positivist, neo-positivist, interpretativist), both in micro, meso, macro-sociological approaches
TEACHING METHODS	lectures
SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY	BAGNASCO A., BARBAGLI M., CAVALLI A., Corso di Sociologia, Il Mulino, Bologna 2007, capitoli: Introduzione, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19, 23, 24

SYLLABUS

Hrs	Frontal teaching
4	Introduction to sociology: paradigms
4	Pre-modern, modern and postmodern societies
4	Interaction and social relationship: basic forms of sociality. Organizations and associations
4	Values , norms , institutions , the process of socialization and social identity formation
4	Deviance and crime
4	The Religion
6	Social differentiation: gender differences and ethnicity, the social construction of the idea of race and ethnicity; social stratification and inequality
4	Family, marriage and social reproduction
4	Economy and society; Work; production and consumption , leisure
6	family and marriage: changes in the contemporary age
4	Social organization in space and population dynamics