

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PALERMO

| DIPARTIMENTO | Scienze Psicologiche, Pedagogiche, dell'Esercizio Fisico e della Formazione |
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| ANNO ACCADEMICO OFFERTA | 2016/2017 |
| ANNO ACCADEMICO EROGAZIONE | 2016/2017 |
| CORSO DILAUREA MAGISTRALE | PSICOLOGIA SOCIALE, DEL LAVORO E DELLE ORGANIZZAZIONI |
| INSEGNAMENTO | DATA ANALYSIS LABORATORY |
| TIPO DI ATTIVITA' | С |
| АМВІТО | 20969-Attività formative affini o integrative |
| CODICE INSEGNAMENTO | 17940 |
| SETTORI SCIENTIFICO-DISCIPLINARI | SECS-S/05 |
| DOCENTE RESPONSABILE | FERRANTE MAURO Professore Associato Univ. di PALERMO |
| ALTRI DOCENTI | |
| CFU | 6 |
| NUMERO DI ORE RISERVATE ALLO STUDIO PERSONALE | 110 |
| NUMERO DI ORE RISERVATE ALLA DIDATTICA ASSISTITA | 40 |
| PROPEDEUTICITA' | |
| MUTUAZIONI | |
| ANNO DI CORSO | 1 |
| PERIODO DELLE LEZIONI | 2° semestre |
| MODALITA' DI FREQUENZA | Facoltativa |
| TIPO DI VALUTAZIONE | Voto in trentesimi |
| ORARIO DI RICEVIMENTO DEGLI STUDENTI | FERRANTE MAURO Mercoledì 10:00 12:00 Stanza del docente: edificio 15, sesto piano, stanza 608, oppure su Piattaforma Microsoft Teams. E' preferibile che gli studenti interessati contattino il docente tramite mail qualche giorno prima per essere aggiunti al team del ricevimento. |

DOCENTE: Prof. MAURO FERRANTE

| PREREQUISITI | Students are expected to have knowledge on basic statistical concepts, acquired during the three-year degree. |
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| RISULTATI DI APPRENDIMENTO ATTESI | Knowledge and understanding We expect that students will strengthen their ability in understanding and they will be able to write critically elaborate texts which will include the use of statistical techniques for analyzing mass behaviours and attitudes. Such techniques are in fact largely used in evaluation processes within communities and all other contexts where psychologists work. |
| | Applying knowledge and understanding Psychologists are expected to critically use statistics within their work environment. We refer, for example, to the observation of the behaviour of individuals and groups within families and institutions; to the prevention of hardships and to the facilitation of wellness at work and in society, and to the evaluation of related policies; to the personnel selection, training and evaluation for both public and private organizations. |
| | Making judgements The course is designed for the achievement of this ability. All the phases of the research path are analyzed, so that students can acquire the expertise necessary to critically select, among many data analysis tools, the more suitable to the nature of the investigated phenomena. |
| | Communication skills At the end of the course, students are expected to be able to interpret and communicate the results of their work, both as research results and in any other format. In order to do that, students have to reinforce the elements of their statistical language, and to acquire the capabilities required to produce scientific and professional reports. |
| | Learning skills Critical thinking and the selection of the most suitable research designs (among many possible options) represent the most relevant purposes of this course. People able to do this, can also develop the ability to learn by themselves in further steps of their academic and professional career. |
| VALUTAZIONE DELL'APPRENDIMENTO | Open book PC session. |
| | Assessment Methods: Excellent - 30/30 cum laude - Excellent knowledge of course topics and of statistical language, the student is able in applying the acquired knowledge for solving the proposed problems. |
| | Very good - 26/29 - Good Knowledge of course topics, Very good knowledge of statistical languatge; the Student can apply the acquired knowledge for solving the proposed problems. |
| | Good - 24/25 - Basic knowledge of course topics, Dicreet knowledge of statistical language, with a certain capability in the application of acquired knowledge for solving the proposed problems. |
| | Acceptable - 21/23 - Minimum knowledge of main course topics. Acceptable knowledge of statistical language. Minimum capability in the application of acquired knowledge for solving the proposed problems. |
| | Sufficient - 18/20 - Minimum knowledge of main course topics. Acceptable knowledge of statistical language. Low or no capability in the application of acquired knowledge for solving the proposed problems. |
| | Inadequate - Student doesn't have the minimum knowledge of the main contents of the course topics. |
| OBIETTIVI FORMATIVI | This course offers students the chance to think about some fundamental issues related to the research methodology and to data analysis, with a particular focus on direct applications. The main purpose of the course consists of orientating students to the critical use of statistical analysis tools for producing research reports. Case-studies, obtained from the psychological field, will be used in order to explain the close connection among the researcher's questions, the choice of one among many research designs and statistical tools. Applications will be encouraged through the LibreOffice Calc and RStudio and R softwares. |
| ORGANIZZAZIONE DELLA DIDATTICA | The course will be held in English through lectures and practical lessons. |
| TESTI CONSIGLIATI | Review of Statistics (concepts and methods). All academic books on descriptive and inferential statistics used by students during their BA degree courses fit the requirements of this course; some additional papers and/or online resources will |

| be suggested by the teacher to interested students. |
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| Data analysis using LibreOffice Calc. Manual downoadable from: https:// www.libreoffice.org/get-help/documentation/ |
| Data analysis using R and RStudio: Materials distributed to students during lessons. An excellent elective resource, useful also for professional use of the software, is: Dalgaard P. (2008), Introductory statistics with R, Springer, http:// www.springer.com/us/book/9780387790534 |

| skewed, left-skewed, bell-shaped; boxplot. 8 Bivariate descriptive statistics, the linear regression model. Crosstabulations: counts, row, column and total percentages. Distributions for qualitative and discrete or continuous quantitative variables. Stacked bar plot, scatter diagram. Chi-square, Cramer's V, Spearman's rho, covariance, linear correlation. The regression line: slope and intercept. The coefficient of determination. 10 Probability and statistical inference. | ORE | Lezioni |
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| 3 Review of inferential statistics: estimating parameters, testing hypotheses ORE Esercitazioni 2 Introduction to LibreOffice Calc. 4 4 Introduction to R and RStudio. 0 ORE Laboratori 1 7 Univariate descriptive statistics: mean, median, quantiles, mode; standard deviation, variance, coefficient of variation, Gini's heterogeneity index. From data matrices to frequency distributions: cumulative and non-cumulative frequency distributions (discrete values and classes, counts, relative frequencies, percentages). Graphs: bar plot, pie chart, histogram, vertical lines plot, stair step plot, ogive. The shape of a distribution: right-skewed, heff-skewed, bell-shaped; boxplot. 8 Bivariate descriptive statistics, the linear regression model. Crosstabulations: counts, row, column and total percentages. Distributions for qualitative and discrete or continuous quantitative variables. Stacked bar plot, scatter diagram. Chi-square, Cramer's V, Spearman's rho, covariance, linear correlation. The regression line: slope and intercept. The coefficient of determination. 10 Probability and statistical inference. Theoretical continuous distributions: Normal distribution, Student's t distribution, Chi-square distribution, variance. Sampling distributions: expected value (EV), standard error. Point estimates, confidence intervals: for the population mean, the population proportion (large samples), about two population means (matched-pairs data, independent samples), about more than two population proportions. The Chi-square test for independent samples), about more than two populati | 2 | Review of descriptive statistics: univariate analysis |
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| | 2 | Self-evaluation test. |