

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI DI PALERMO

DEPARTMENT	Scienze e Tecnologie Biologiche, Chimiche e Farmaceutiche
ACADEMIC YEAR	2019/2020
MASTER'S DEGREE (MSC)	MOLECULAR AND HEALTH BIOLOGY
SUBJECT	HYGIENE
TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITY	В
AMBIT	50505-Discipline del settore biomedico
CODE	03795
SCIENTIFIC SECTOR(S)	MED/42
HEAD PROFESSOR(S)	MAIDA CARMELO Professore Associato Univ. di PALERMO MASSIMO
OTHER PROFESSOR(S)	
CREDITS	6
INDIVIDUAL STUDY (Hrs)	100
COURSE ACTIVITY (Hrs)	50
PROPAEDEUTICAL SUBJECTS	
MUTUALIZATION	
YEAR	1
TERM (SEMESTER)	2° semester
ATTENDANCE	Mandatory
EVALUATION	Out of 30
TEACHER OFFICE HOURS	MAIDA CARMELO MASSIMO
	Monday 09:30 11:30 Dipartimento di Scienze per la Promozione della Salute, sezione di Igiene, Via del Vespro 133.
	Thursday 09:30 11:30 Dipartimento di Scienze per la Promozione della Salute, sezione di Igiene, Via del Vespro 133.

PREREQUISITES	In order to address the study of hygiene, the student must possess
	basic knowledge on the biological and physiopathological mechanisms of the
	cell aimed at understanding the pathological aspects for humans and safeguarding the health of the community. Furthermore, basic knowledge of
	physiology is necessary in order to understand and deepen the dynamics for the
	promotion of human health, basic knowledge of microbiology to understand the
	ecology and epidemiology of care-related infections and antibiotic resistance.
LEARNING OUTCOMES	Knowledge and understanding
	At the end of the course the student must have acquired an adequate
	knowledge of the basic epidemiological methodology to be able to organize and analyze data related to biomedical phenomena and in particular inherent to
	human health.
	Ability to apply knowledge and understanding
	At the end of the course the student will be able to carry out environmental and
	health risk assessment pathways for the population. Autonomy of judgment
	At the end of the course the student will be able to obtain a correct interpretation
	of the results emerging from the epidemiological surveys on environmental and
	human health.
	Communication skills
	The educational path aims to make students able to interpret and communicate appropriately information regarding the main prevention objectives concerning
	individual and collective health.
	Learning skills
	The student must be able to analyze health and hygiene problems from a
	preventive point of view by means of a careful retrospective and prospective analysis aimed at promoting health factors and preventing diseases, reducing
	risk factors or eliminating the causes of them .
ASSESSMENT METHODS	The candidate will have to answer at least two/three orally posed questions for
	each module that constitutes the integrated course, on all parties of the
	program, in compliance to the recommended texts. The final examination aims
	to evaluate whether the student has knowledge and understanding of the topics, has acquired the ability and independent judgment to interpret concrete cases.
	The sufficiency will be threshold when the student shows knowledge and
	understanding of the issues at least in broad outline, and has minimal
	application skills in order to solve concrete cases; It must also possess skill in
	exhibition and argumentative to allow the transmission of his knowledge to the examiner. Below this threshold, the examination will be insufficient. The more,
	however, the examinee with his ability 'argumentative and expository able to
	interact with the examiner, and the more his knowledge and ability applications
	go into detail of the discipline of verification, the more assessment will be
	positive . The assessment is carried out of thirty. In detail, the vote will be based on the following principles:
	Excellent (30-30 Honours) - Excellent knowledge of the topics, excellent
	properties of language, good capacity analytic, students and able to apply
	knowledge to solve problems proposed.
	Very Good (26-29) - Good knowledge of the topics, full ownership of the language, the student and able to apply knowledge to solve problems proposed.
	Good (24-25) - Basic knowledge of the main topics, discrete properties of
	language, with limited ability to independently apply the knowledge to the
	solution of the proposed problems. Satisfactory (21-23) - has not fully mastered the main teaching subjects but it
	has the knowledge, satisfactory property language, poor ability to independently
	apply the knowledge gained.
	Sufficient (18-20) - Minimum basic understanding of the main topics of teaching
	and technical languages, very little or no ability to independently apply the knowledge gained.
	Insufficient - It does not have an acceptable knowledge of the contents of the
	topics covered in the teaching.
EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES	The educational objectives of the teaching of Hygiene for students can be
	summarized as follows:
	 provide knowledge on the concept of health promotion; provide notions of epidemiology, a branch of Hygiene that represents the
	fundamental tool for identifying the causes and risk factors of disease, the
	protective factors for human health, as well as the transmission and spreading
	of diseases within the population , with particular reference to environmental
	matrices; • provide knowledge on the main disease prevention interventions (both
	infectious and non-infectious): removal of the causes of damage to health;
	removal of risk factors; strengthening of health factors. Particular reference will
	be made to the control of living and working environments considering the
	fundamentals of prevention concerning chemical, biological and physical risk as well as environmental legislation.

TEACHING METHODS	Frontal lessons and laboratory experiences.
SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY	BARBUTI S, BELLELLI E, FARA GM, GIAMMANCO G Igiene e medicina preventiva. Monduzzi, Bologna. EUDES LANCIOTTI - Igiene per le professioni sanitarie, Mc Graw Hill, 2012. F VITALE, M ZAGRA - Igiene, epidemiologia e organizzazione sanitaria orientate per problemi, Elsevier - Masson. Durante lo svolgimento del corso altri riferimenti bibliografici ed eventuale altro materiale didattico aggiornato viene fornito dal docente stesso.

SYLLABUS

Hrs	Frontal teaching
2	Introduction to the course. History of hygiene, definition and purpose of the discipline. Health promotion and disease prevention
2	Population demography, structure and development. Health concept and its determinants. Indicators of health of a population: rates (morbidity, mortality, lethality).
4	Epidemiology of infectious diseases. Trends of infectious diseases among the population: epidemic, pandemic and sporadic
2	Epidemiological studies: descriptive epidemiology
2	Epidemiological studies: analytical epidemiology
2	Epidemiological studies: experimental and evaluative epidemiology. Health indicators
2	Prevention of pathological events: primary, secondary and tertiary prevention.
4	Prophylaxis and general prevention of communicable diseases. Disinfection, sterilization and disinfestation. The nonspecific and specific defenses of the guest. The antibody response of the host.
2	Vaccinations: Vaccination schedules and vaccination schedule in Italy.
4	Healthcare associated infections and antibiotic resistance
2	The surveillance systems for community and nosocomial infections
2	Hands washing
2	Biological risk in healt care assistance
2	Health education
2	Nutrition and human health. Classification of diseases transmitted through food: infections, toxinfections and food poisoning. The fundamental principles of HACCP (Hazard Analysis Critical Control Point).
2	Indicators of air quality; Characteristics, changes and criticalities of the main airborne pollutants. Indoor pollution.
6	Water in nature and sources of supply. Organoleptic, chemical, physical and microbiological characteristics of water intended for human consumption and bathing water. Water purification treatment. Environmental legislation. Water pollution and health reflexes.
Hrs	Practice
6	Exercises in the infection surveillance laboratory related to the assistance on infection prevention aspects in the nosocomial environment